Since ancient times, the deep blue seas of
Sagami Bay and the lush greenery of the hills
have provided many blessings and culture has
flourished in Oiso. The theme of the Oiso
Municipal Museum is "the hills and coastline of
Shonan". Oiso Municipal Museum opened in 1988
to continue developing local culture.

The Activities of Oiso Municipal Museum

- To collect and keep materials about local archaeology, history, forklore and natural science.
- To survey and research these materials.
- To hold exhibitions and educational activities.

If you have any questions, you can ask the curators.



大磯町郷土資料館 Oiso Municipal Museum

Hours

9:00 - 17:00 (last entry 16:30)

Closures

Closed on Mondays, except on national holidays.

When Monday is a holiday, the museum is open and closed

the following Tuesday.

Closed the first of every month.

Closed the year-end and New Year holidays (12/29 - 1/4).

Access

Train, JR Tokaido line, Oiso station (2 km/30mins walk) Bus, 二宮駅行, 国府津駅行, 湘南大磯住宅行(磯13,14,

平 43,46,47), Joyama park-MAE (5mins walk)

Address

446-1 Nishikoiso, Oiso-machi, Naka-gun, Kanagawa-ken,

255-0005

Contact

TEL: +81-463-61-4700

FAX: +81-463-61-4660



Sagami Bay

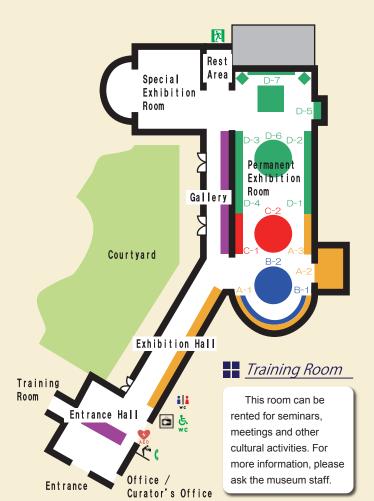
Website

http://www.town.oiso.kanagawa.jp/oisomuseum/



commemorative stamp

A Guide to The Oiso Municipal Museum



Please Note



Do not smoke.



Do not eat or drink, except in the Courtyard.



No pets.



If you want to take photos, please ask the staff first.



Please use pencils. (The ink from pens can damage the exhibits.)

Permanent Exhibition

Entrance Hall

Part of the Mitsui Family Villa, Jozansou is exhibited in the Entrance Hall.

Prologue: Nature' s Influence on Culture in Oiso (Exhibition Hall)

This shows how the scenery of Oiso has influenced the pottery, art, poetry and prose created here.

A: Ancient Life

A-1: A Change of Vessels

A-2: Yokoanabo, Tunnel Tombs

A-3: Local Government Sagami Kokufu

This section explores ancient life in Oiso through local archaeological finds. The pottery was excavated in Oiso, there is a reconstruction of the tunnel tomb in Oiso hills and materials related to the local government, Sagami Kokufu are on display.

B: Workings of Nature

B-1: Animals and Plants of Oiso Hills

B-2: Creatures of Oiso Seashore

The displays introduce some of the many different creatures that live in the hills and on the seashore of Oiso. In particular, the migration of the white-bellied green doves from Tanzawa to Terugasaki Beach is a rare phenomenon.

C: Festivals/Spiritual Connections

C-1: The Appearance of Prayer

C-2 : The Festivals of Prayer for the Sea / The Festivals of Prayer for the Earth

This section explores the festivals and worship in people's lives. The traditional festivals; Sagicho, Kounomachi, Mifunematsuri and so on continue in Oiso today and many people come from far away to enjoy and participate in them.

D: The Land of Longing

D-1: Temples and Shrines in Oiso

D-2: Tokaido Oiso-juku D-3: Oiso Beach Resort

D-4: Literature in Oiso and Oiso in Literature

D-5: Brick, the Symbol of Modern Times in Japan

D-6 : Famous Oiso Residents

D-7: The Culture of Villas

Oiso is surrounded by lush greenery and throughout history people have seen it as a desirable place to live. This section explores how Oiso developed as a city. First people settled around the temples. Then Oiso became an important post station on the Tokaido. Finally it grew into a beach resort with hotels and holiday villas.

Epilogue (Gallery)

The theme of the epilogue is "Visiting the hills and coastlines of Shonan". Because the activities of the museum are always progressing, these exhibits will change.

Special Exhibitions

There are special exhibitions introducing new research. Please check the homepage for more information.

Mitsui Family Villa "Jozansou"



The Mitsui Family Villa, Jozansou, was in the present day Oiso Joyama Park.

Takamine, the 10th head of the Mitsui Kita Family, commissioned Gonkurou Kume to build Jozansou. Kume was famous for his research on earthquake resistant construction. Takamine was concerned about this after the damage of the Great Kanto Earthquake of 1923.

Oiso Muncipal Museum is designed in the style of Jozansou.